

Recent advances in multiple criteria decision making: applying the aggregation-disaggregation theory in healthcare

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NOTICE

If you feel unwell or wish to leave the department, please inform the Nurse.

TAXI PHONE

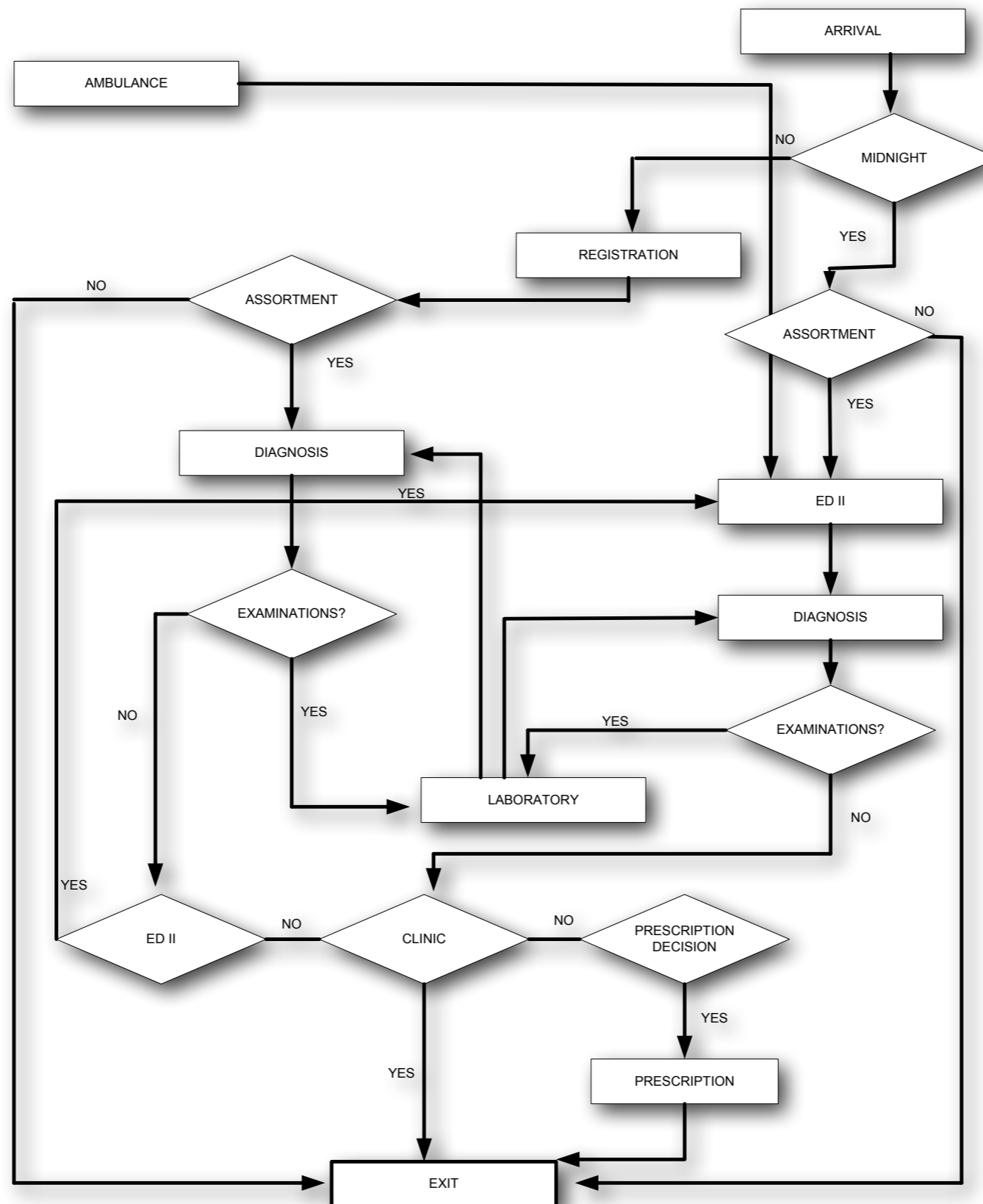
EMERGENCY

DENYER

Overcrowding effects

- Increased waiting times
- Patients drop out
- Critical treatment delays
- Care quality reduction

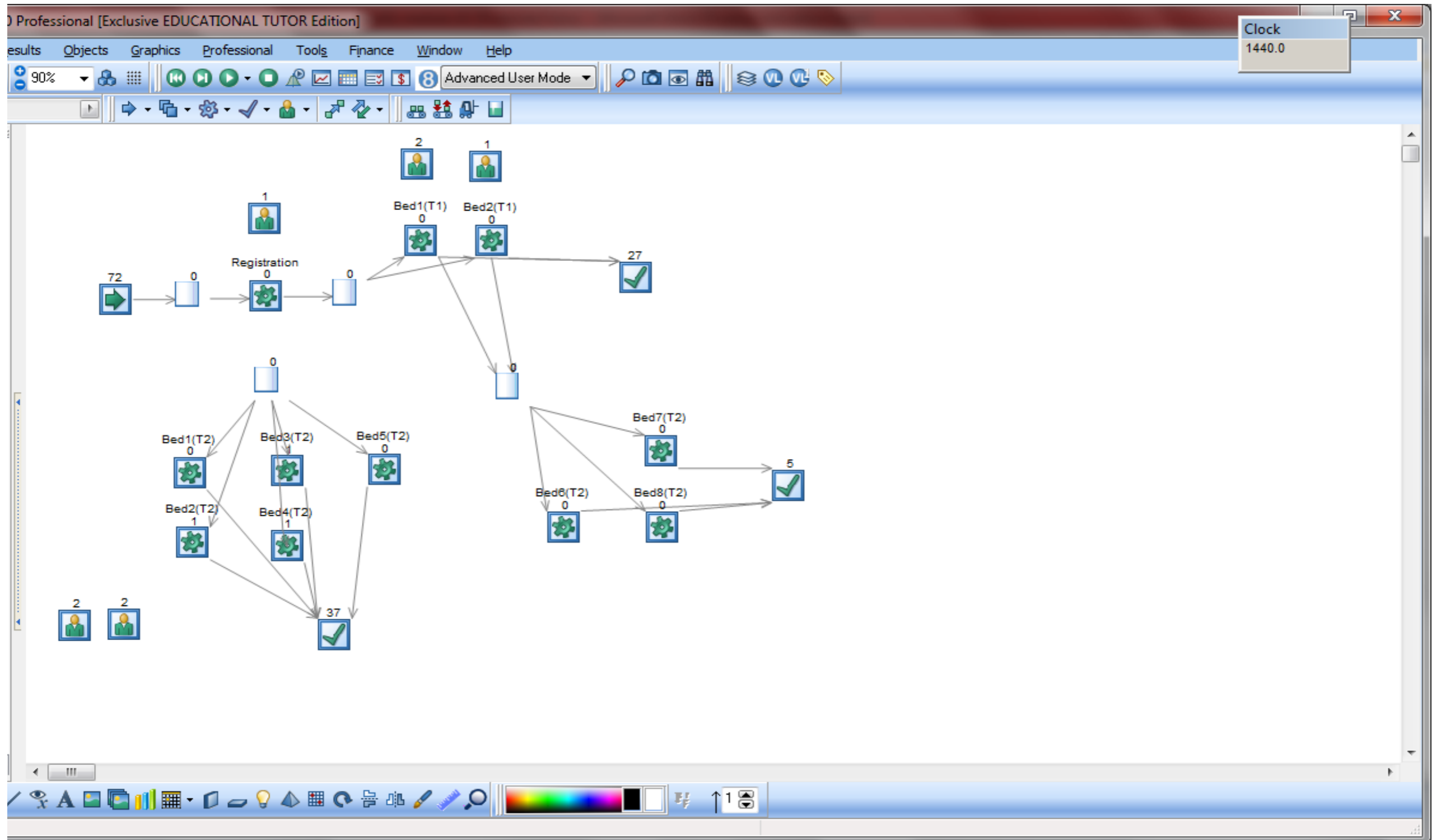
FlowChart of the Emergency Department



Multiple Criteria Perspective

- Waiting time
- Length of stay
- Doctors' working load
- Nurses' working load
- Beds Utilization

Simulation (SIMU8 layout)



Typical input

	Waiting Time	Doctors' Load	Utilization
Scenario 1	50 min	70%	80%
Scenario 2	70 min	64%	71%
Scenario 3	45 min	86%	92%

Then the expert comes

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Then the expert comes

	Waiting Time	Doctors' Load	Utilization	Ranking
Scenario 1	50 min	70%	80%	1
Scenario 2	70 min	64%	71%	2
Scenario 3	45 min	86%	92%	2

What we expect

- Assess the DM's preference model
- Measure the consistency between the assessed preference model and the a priori preferences of the DM,
- Assess values (values, weights, utilities,), and
- Evaluate potential actions (extrapolation output)

UTA principles (1)

$$\begin{cases} u[\mathbf{g}(a)] > u[\mathbf{g}(b)] \Leftrightarrow a \succ b & \text{(preference)} \\ u[\mathbf{g}(a)] = u[\mathbf{g}(b)] \Leftrightarrow a \sim b & \text{(indifference)} \end{cases}$$

$$u(\mathbf{g}(a)) = \sum_{i=1}^n u_i[g_i(a)] - \sigma^+(a) + \sigma^-(a)$$

$$\Delta(a_k, a_{k+1}) = u[\mathbf{g}(a_k)] - \sigma^+(a_k) + \sigma^-(a_k) - u[\mathbf{g}(a_{k+1})] - \sigma^+(a_{k+1}) + \sigma^-(a_{k+1})$$

UTA principles (2)

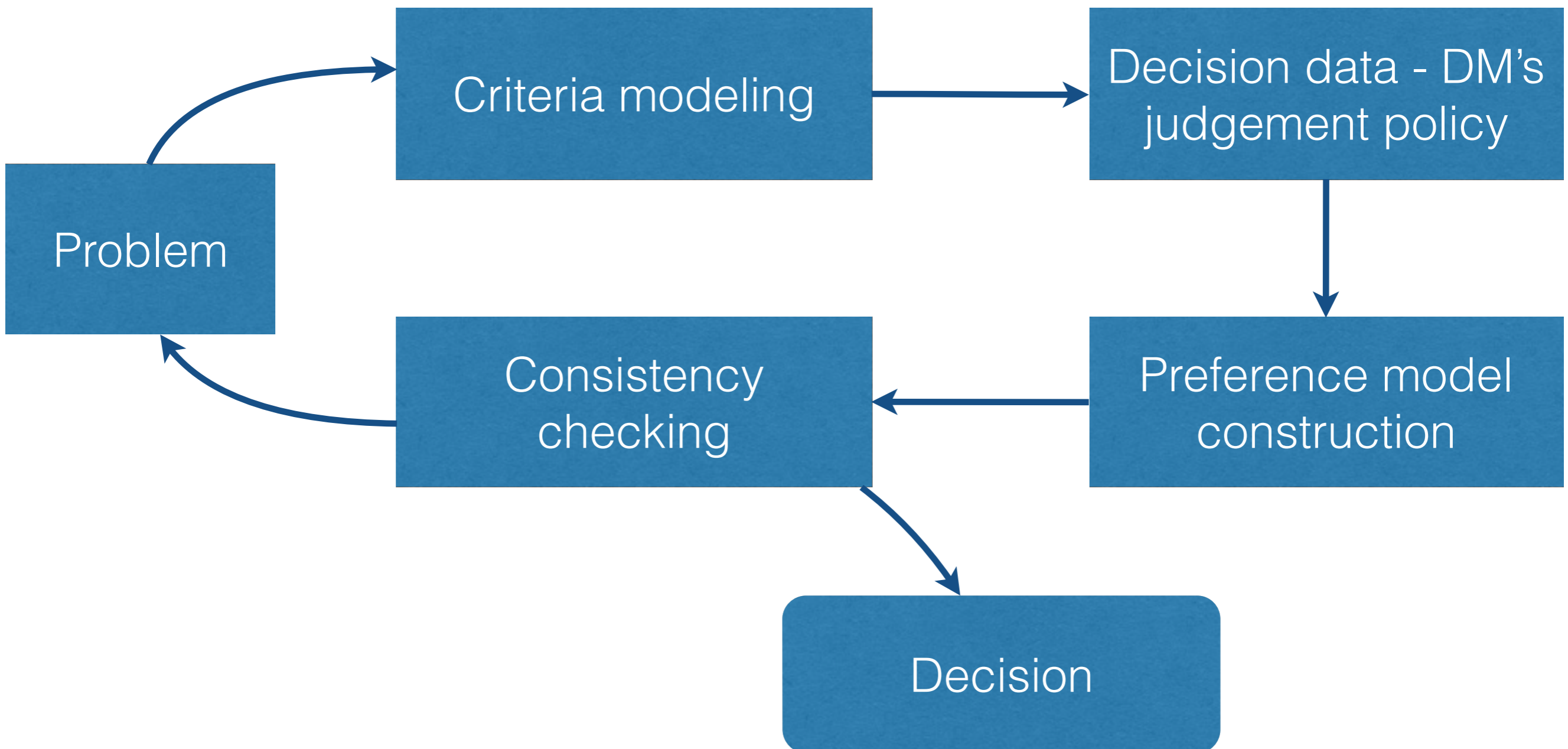
$$\min z = \sum_{k=1}^m [\sigma^+ (a_k) + \sigma^- (a_k)]$$

s.t.

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \Delta (a_k, a_{k+1}) \geq \delta & \text{if } a_k \succ a_{k+1} \\ \Delta (a_k, a_{k+1}) = 0 & \text{if } a_k \sim a_{k+1} \end{array} \right\}, \forall k$$

⋮

The disaggregation-aggregation approach



What's the catch?

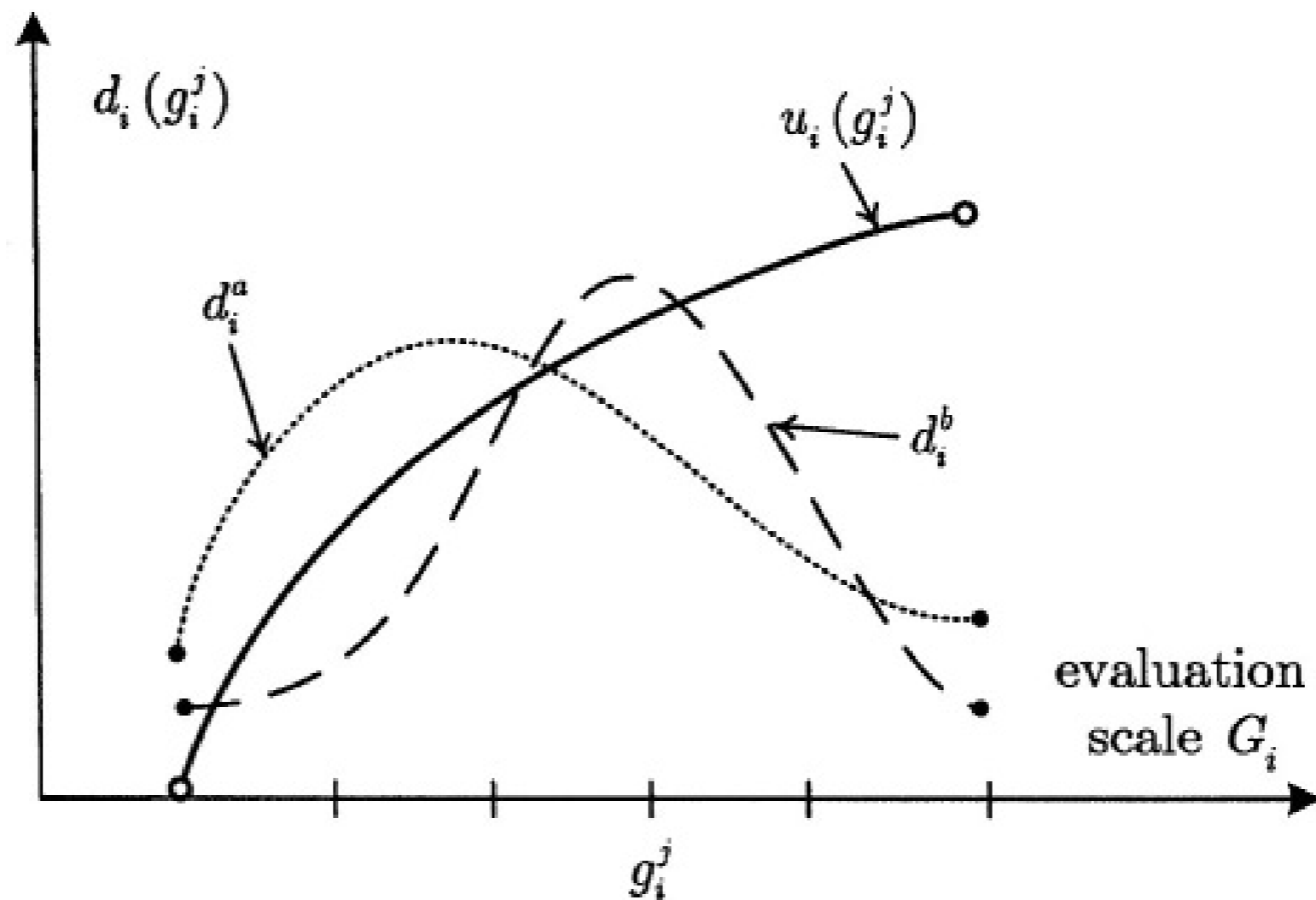
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What's the catch?

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Stochastic UTA

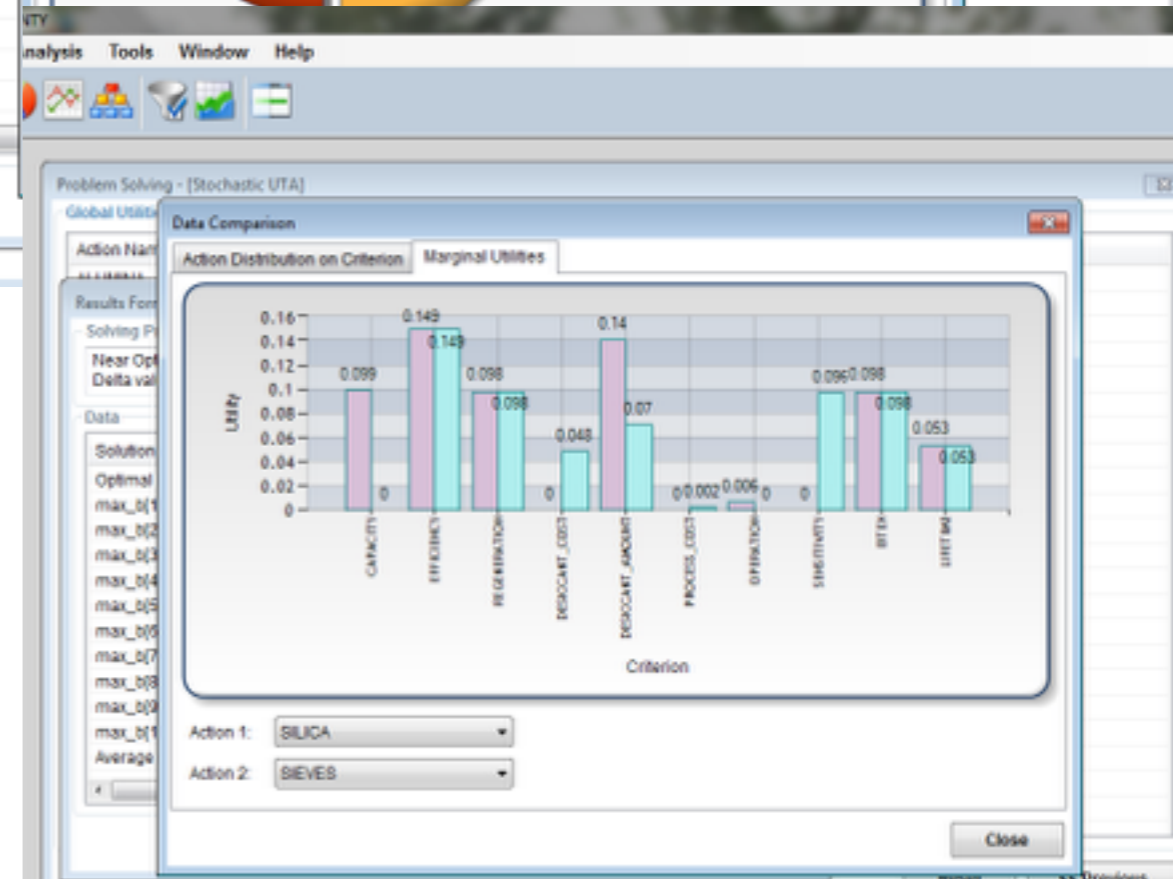
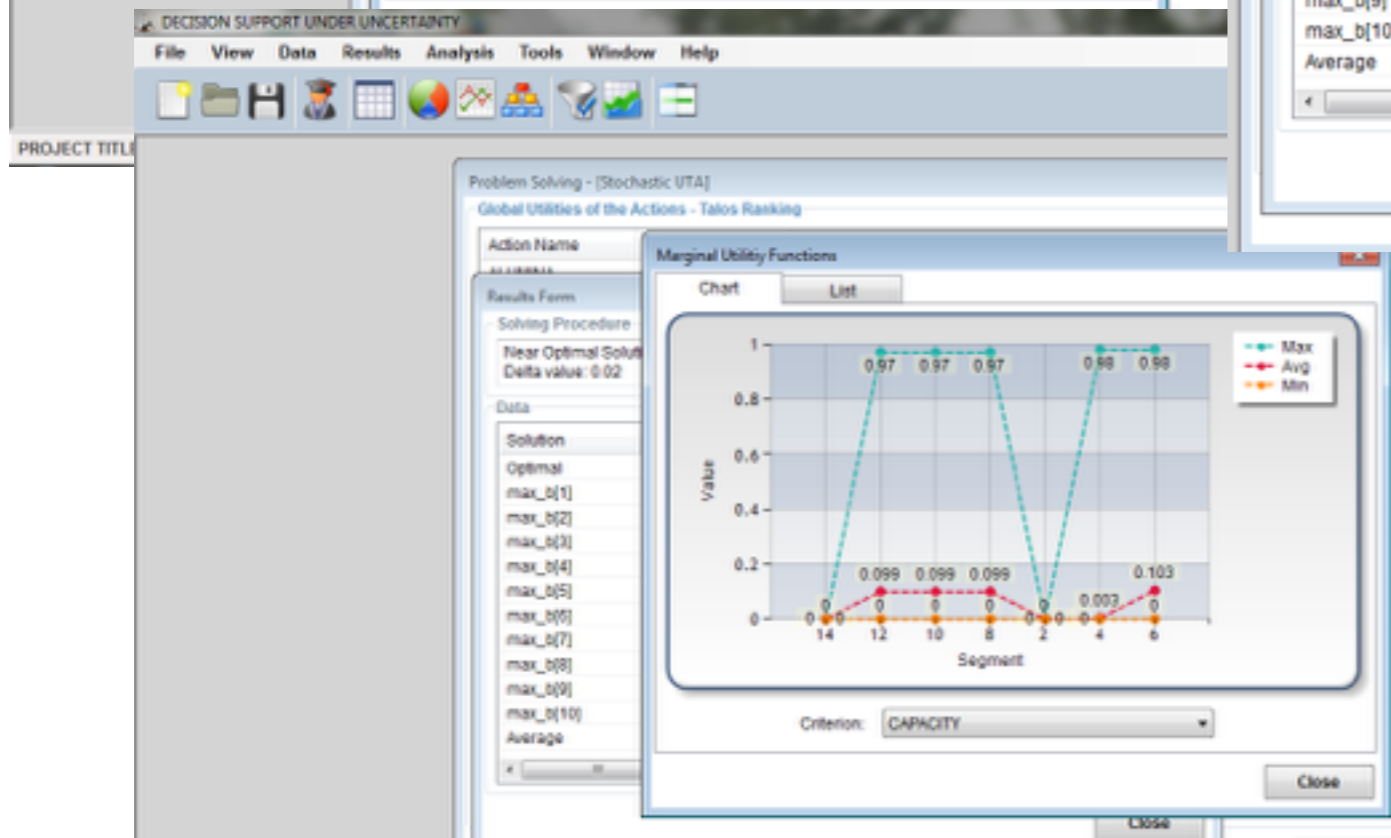
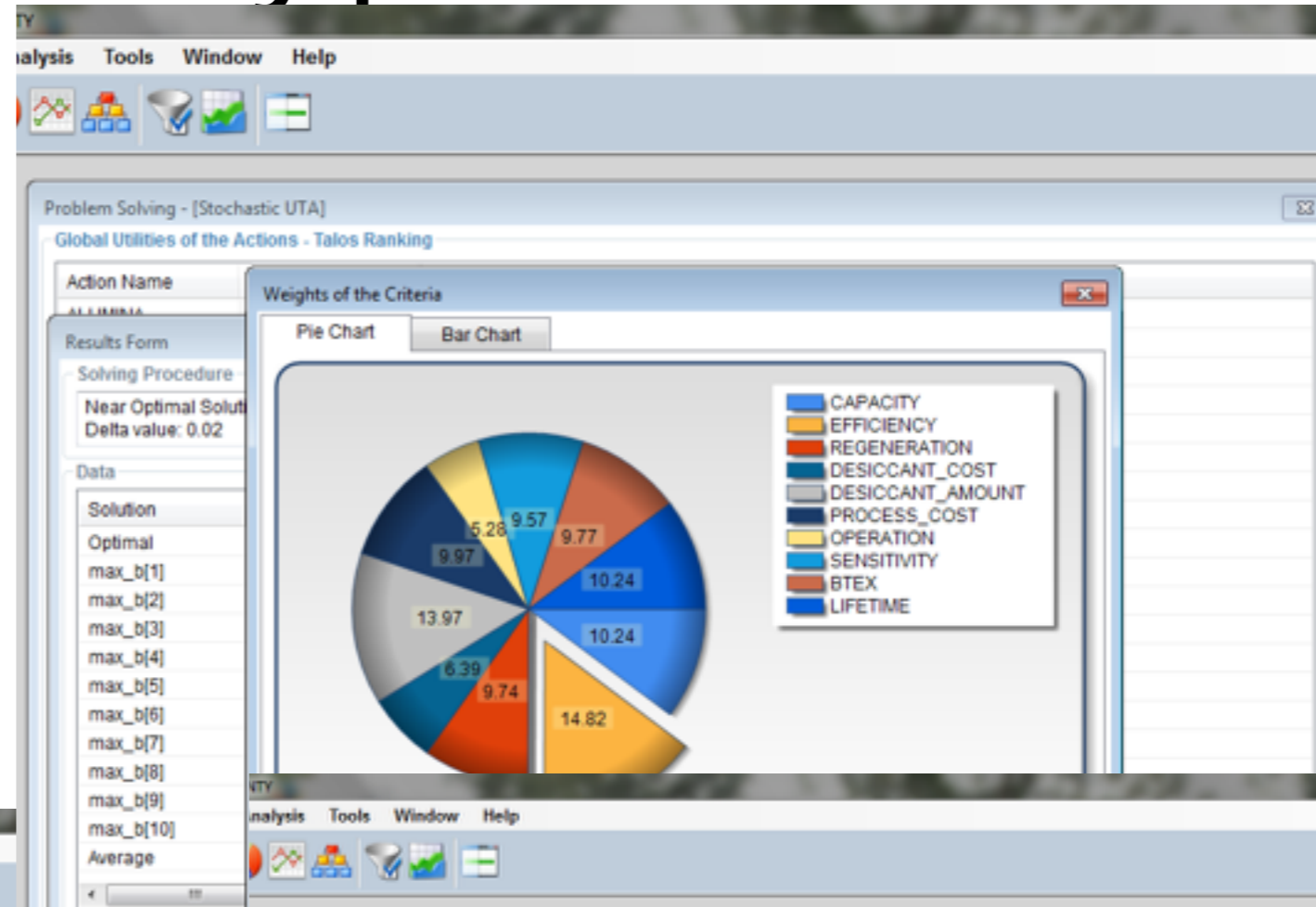
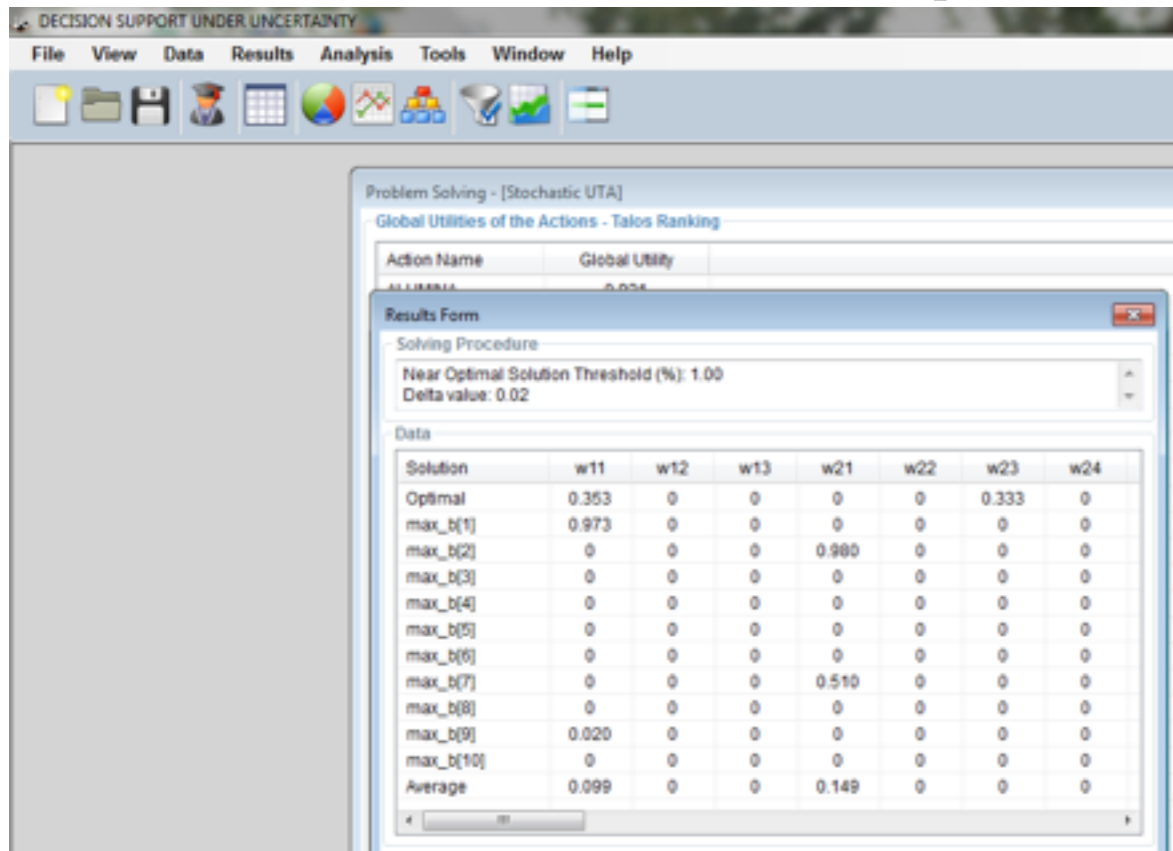
$$u(\mathbf{d}^a) = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^{\alpha_i} d_i^a(g_i^j) u_i(g_i^j)$$



New typical input

	Waiting Time (min)				Length of Stay (min)			Doctors Working Load (%)			Nurses Working Load (%)			Beds Usage (%)			
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	0-100	100-200	200-300	0-33	33-66	66-100	0-33	33-66	66-100	0-25	25-50	50-75	75-100
	10	30	50	70	50	150	250	16,5	50	83,5	5	50	83,5	12,5	37,5	62,5	87,5
Scenario 1	96.9	3.1	0.0	0.0	35.0	62.3	2.8	28.4	71.6	0.0	0	100	0	37.7	29.6	32.7	0.0
Scenario 2	97.2	2.8	0	0	66.1	29.8	4.1	38.5	61.5	0	0	100	0	40	52.6	7.4	0
Scenario 3	53.7	42.9	3.4	0.1	33.3	61.8	4.9	37.5	13.8	48.7	0	100	0	30.7	30.3	39.1	0
Scenario 4	86.3	13.4	0.4	0	35.9	63.9	0.2	28.4	22	49.6	0	98.9	1.1	39.3	36.3	24.4	0
Scenario 5	94.1	5.8	0.1	0	93.4	6.6	0	50	50	0	50	50	0	55.5	26.2	18.3	0
Scenario 6	93.4	6.5	0.1	0	89.1	10.9	0	48	8.6	43.4	50	50	0	60	27.6	13.3	0
Scenario 7	71.6	25.7	2.4	0.2	66.7	33.3	0	28.5	23.1	48.5	50	49.6	0.4	59.9	20.2	19.9	0

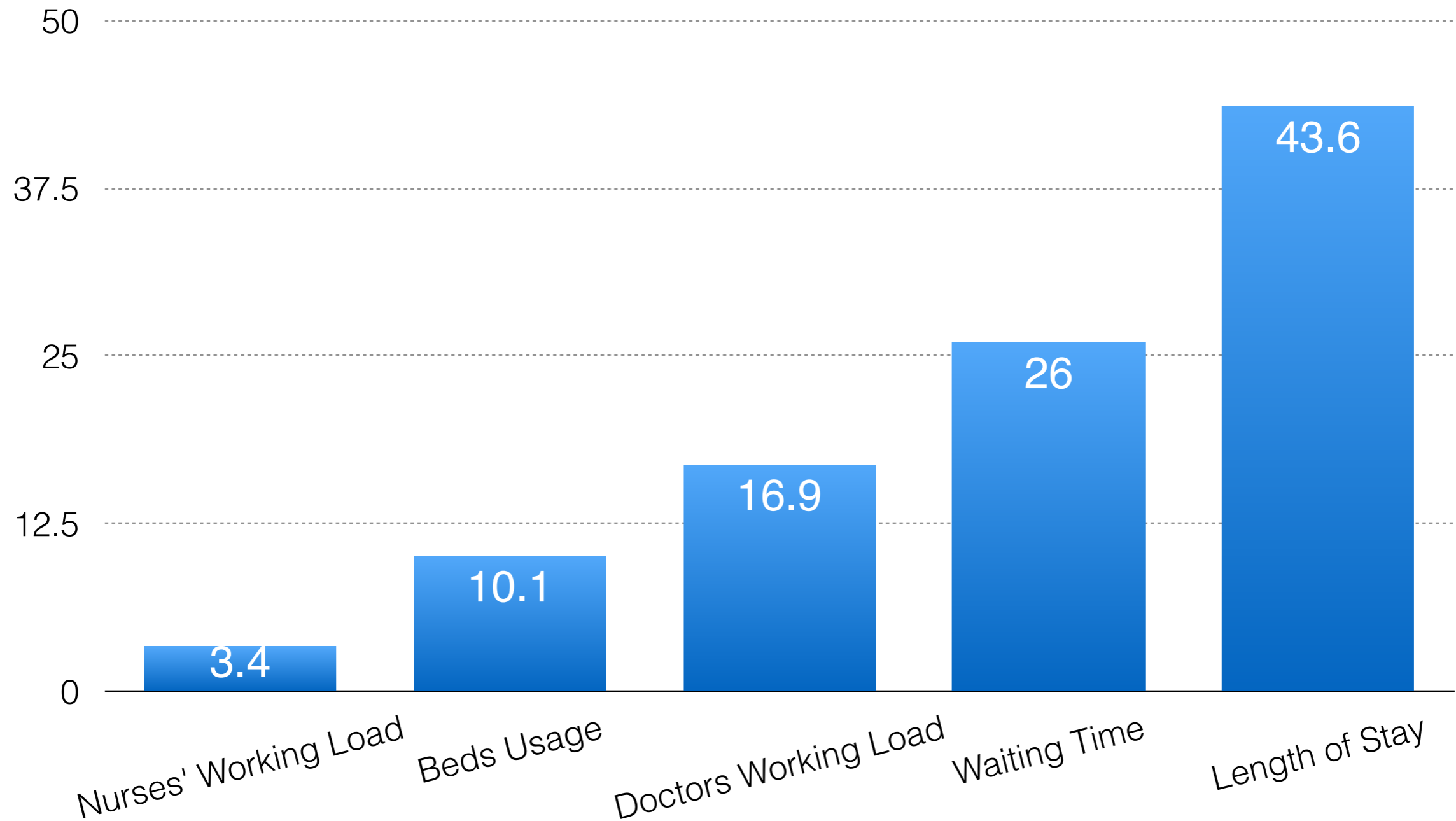
A prototype



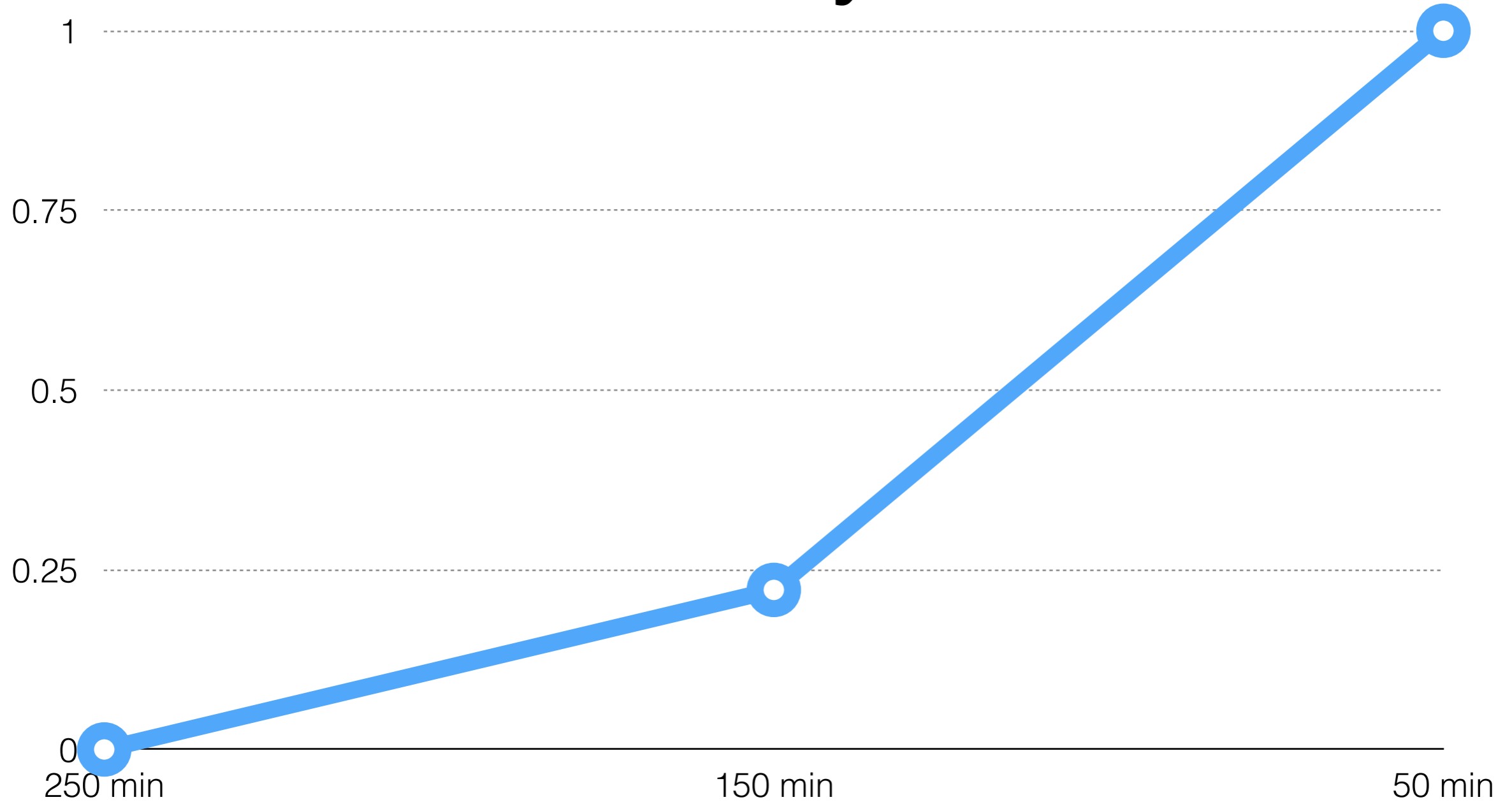
Scenaria Evaluation

Scenarios	DM	UTA*	Utility
Scenario 1	7	7	0.486
Scenario 2	6	6	0.506
Scenario 3	5	5	0.526
Scenario 4	4	4	0.557
Scenario 5	2	2	0.673
Scenario 6	1	1	0.727
Scenario 7	3	3	0.651

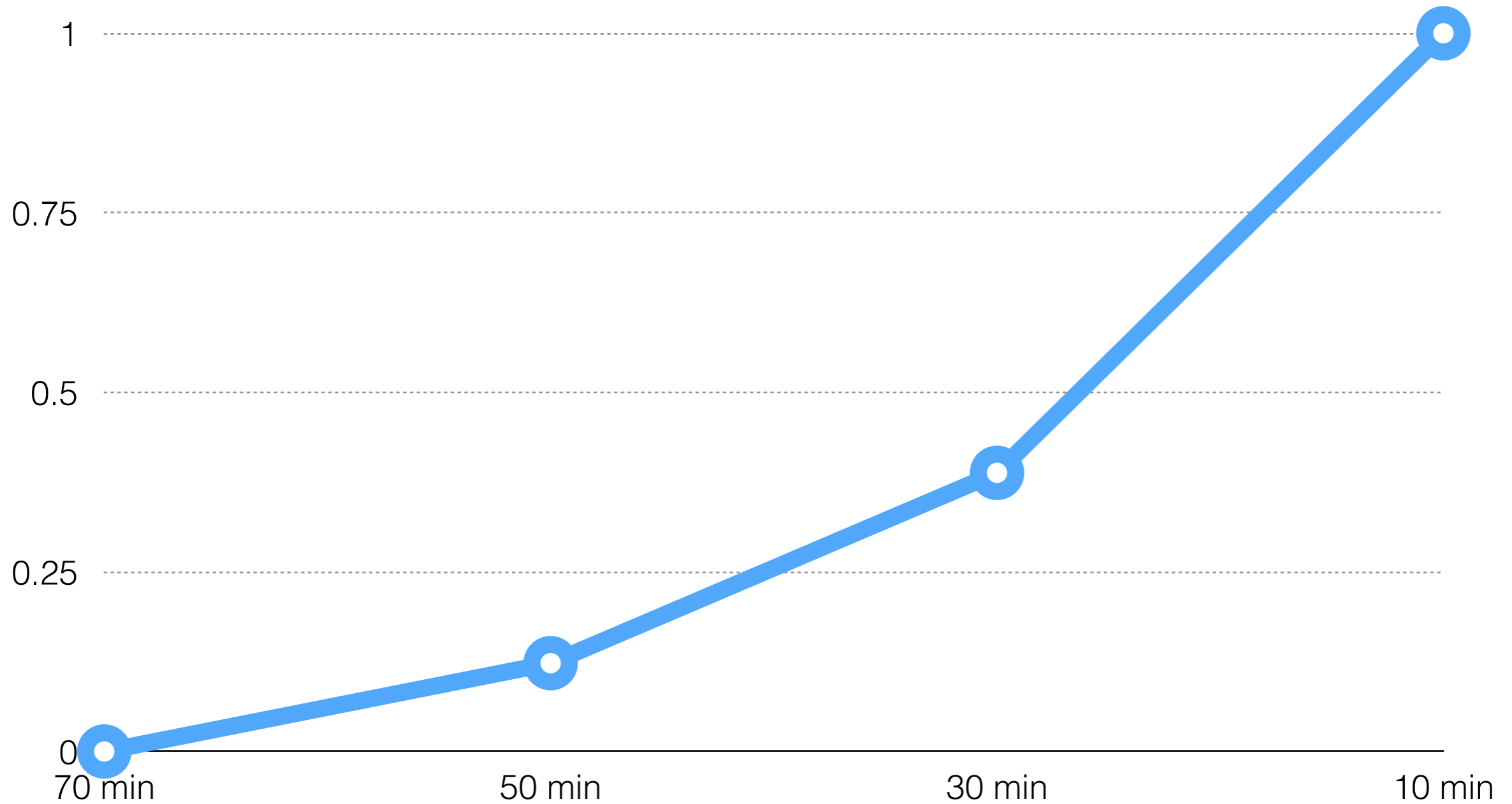
Criteria Weights



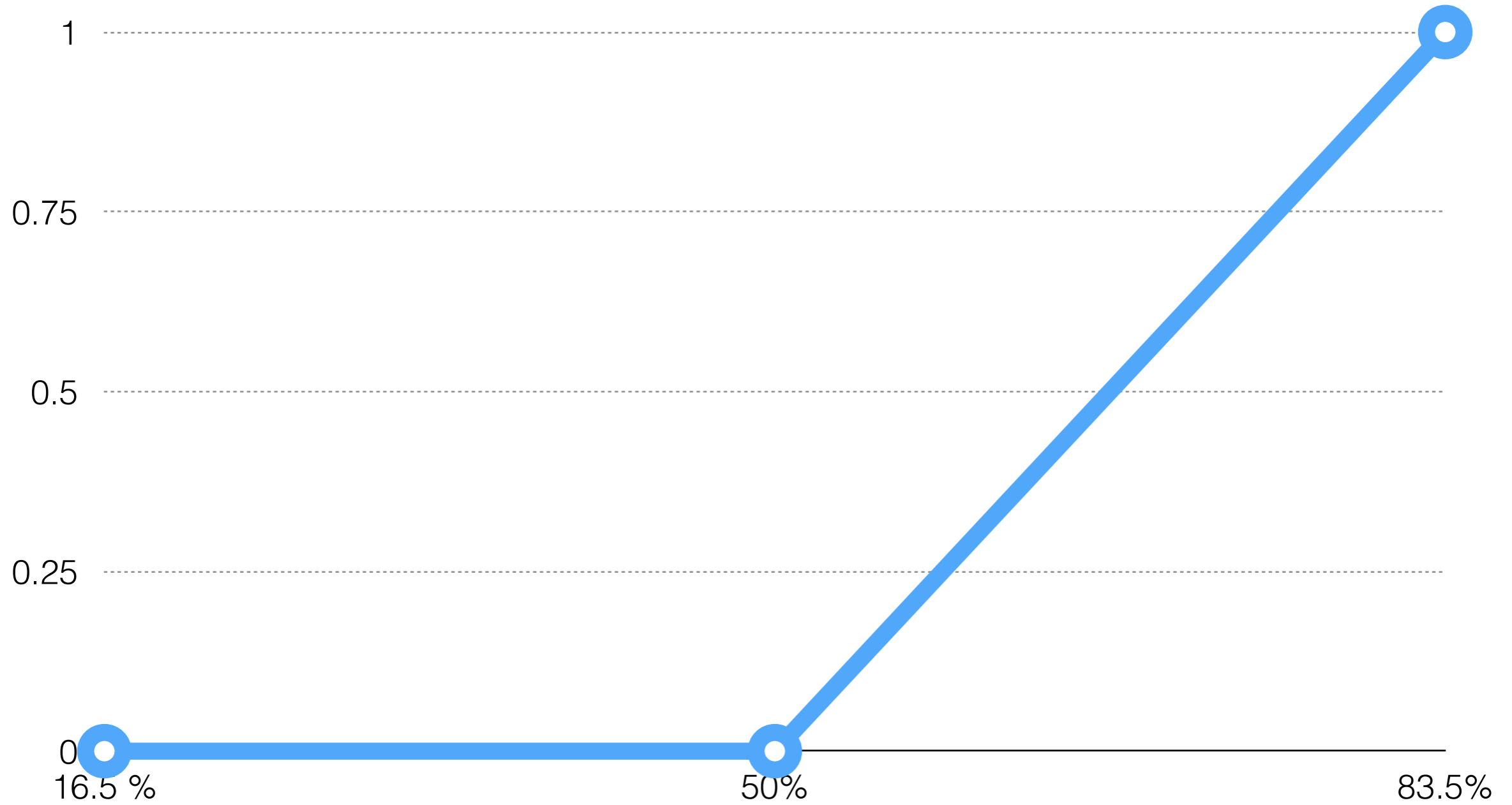
Utility Function: Length of Stay



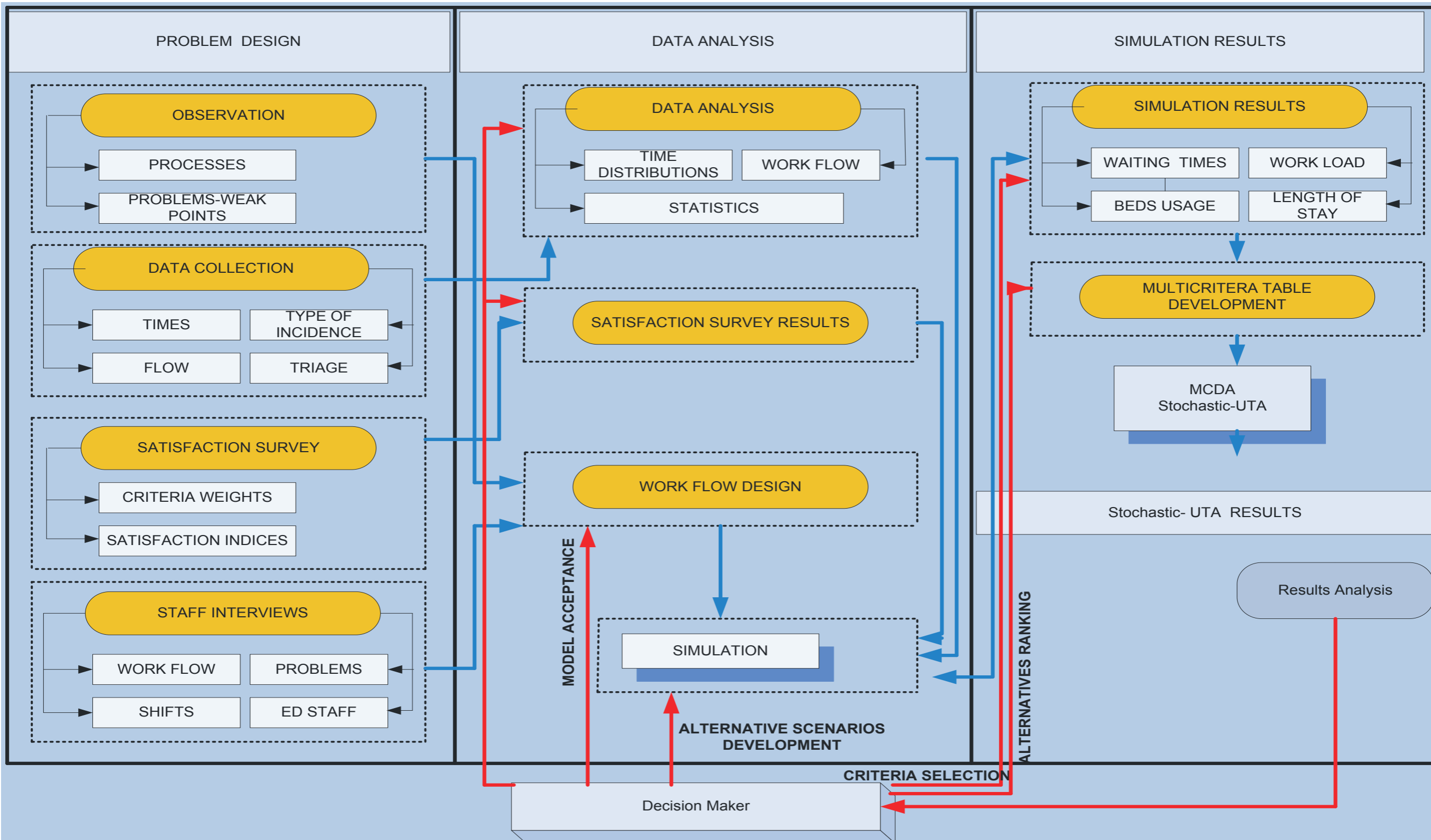
Utility Function: Waiting Time



Utility Function: Doctors' Load



MED-UTA: An integrated methodology



Future Works - Multiple Experts



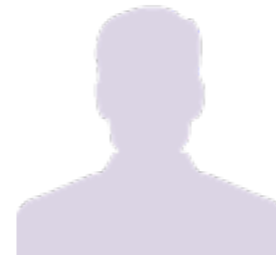
25%



7%



10%



12%

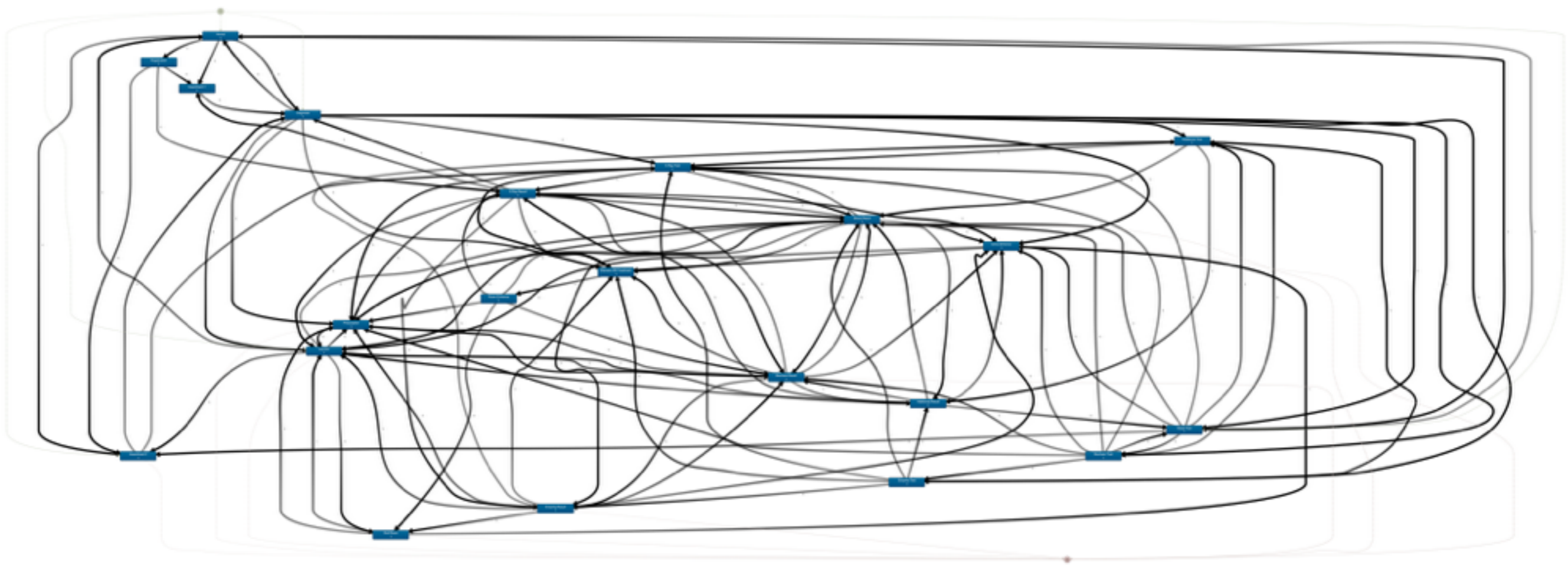


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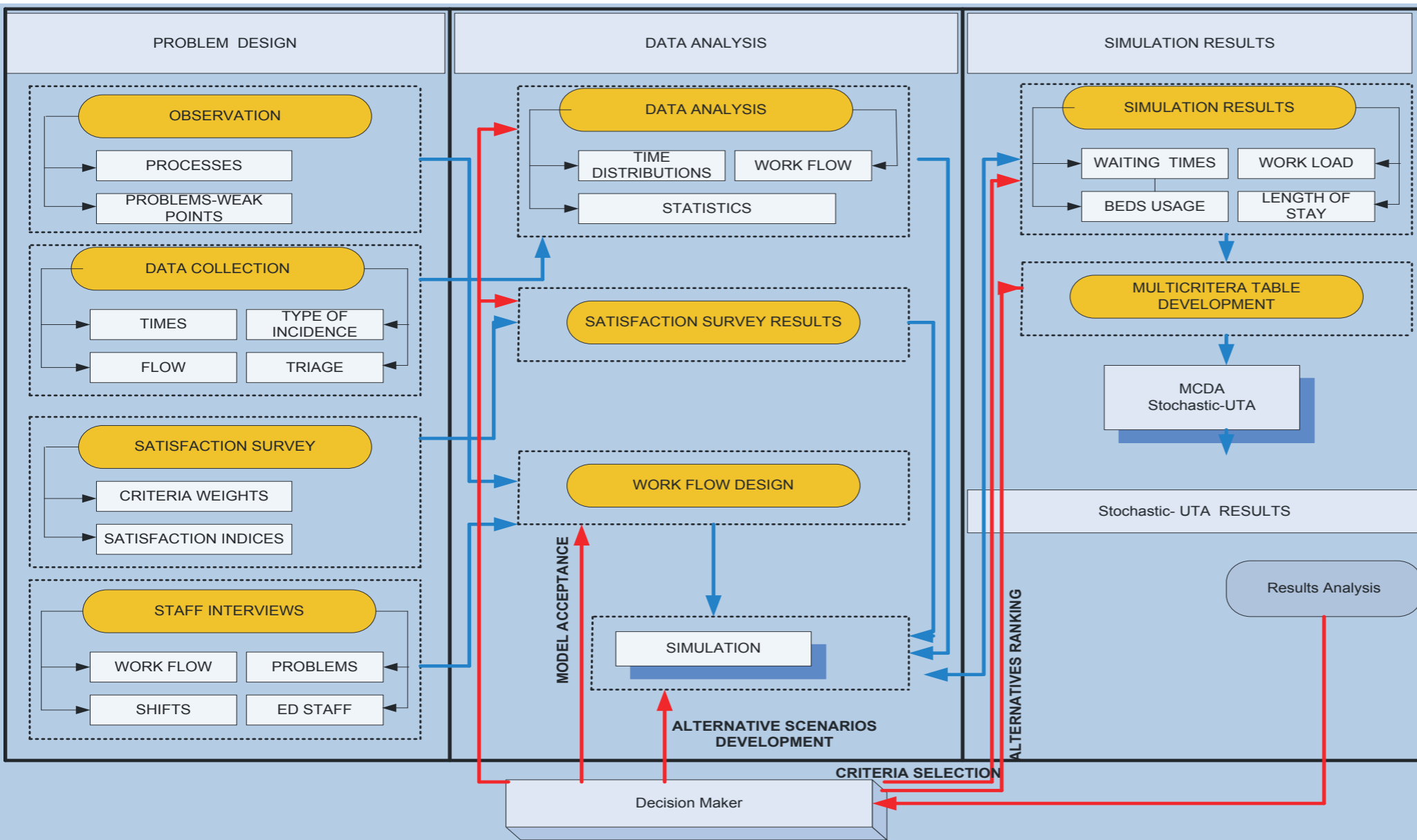


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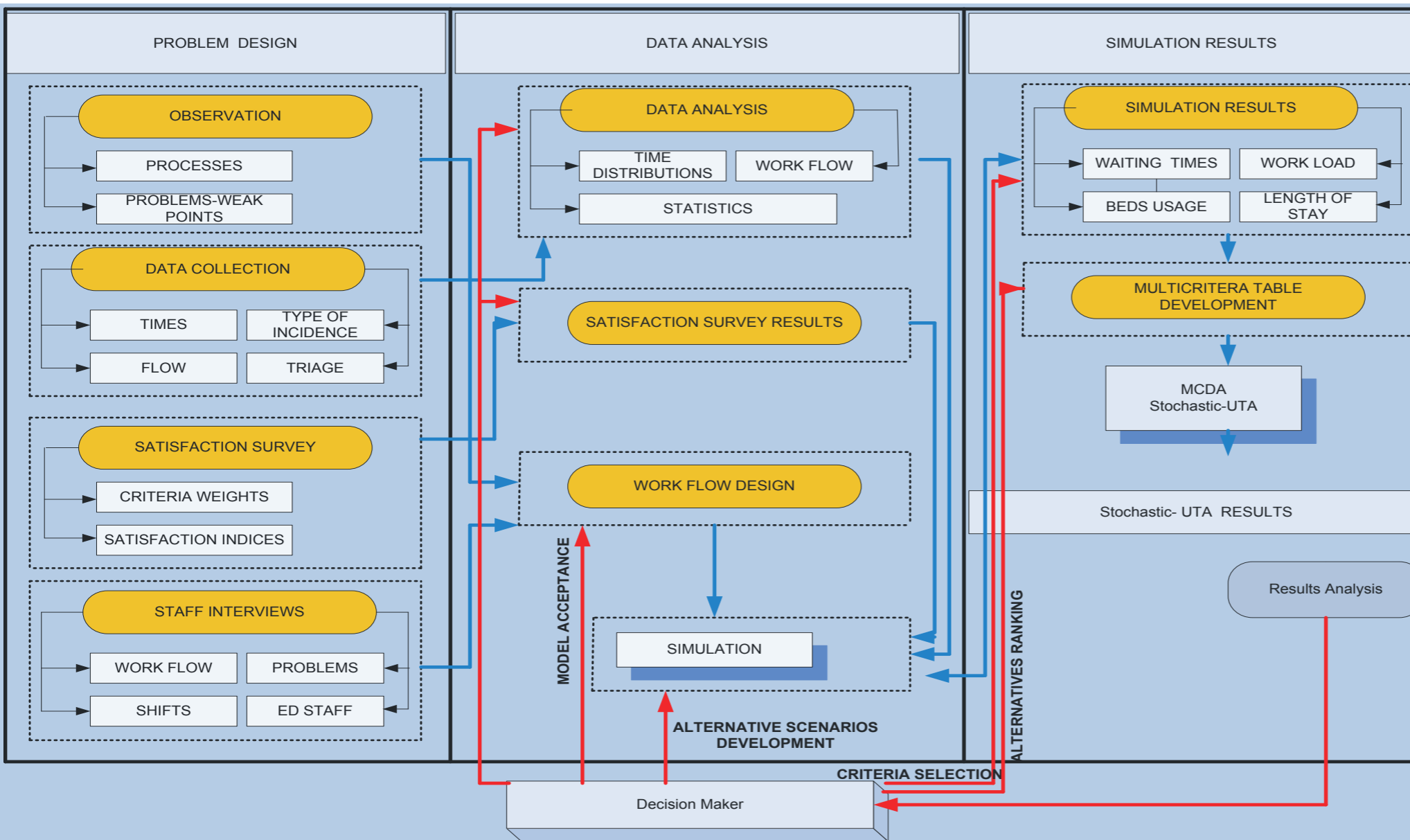
Future Work - Process Mining



Future Work - Balanced Scorecard



Future Work - Balanced Scorecard



Balanced Scorecard

Thank you!